

Bhavan's Tripura Vidyamandir
1st Terminal Examination : (2025-2026)

Class:- 11

Time:- 3 Hours

Name of the student:

Subject:- Psychology

Total :- 70 Marks

Roll: Sec:

Instructions:

- i. All questions are necessary to attempt.**
- ii. Section A consists 18 questions of one mark each.**
- iii. Section B consists 6 questions of two marks each.**
- iv. Section C consists 6 questions of three marks each.**
- v. Section D consists 4 questions of four marks each.**
- vi. Section E is case based question that consists 3 questions of two marks each.**

Section:A

Multiple Choice Questions:

(1X18=18)

1. What does the term 'psychology' originally mean?
A. Study of science B. Study of mind and soul
C. Study of behaviour D. Study of experience
2. Which school of psychological thought focuses on breaking down mental processes into basic components?
A. Functionalism B. Structuralism C. Behaviourism D. Humanistic
3. Which field of psychology focuses on psychological aspects of athletic performance?
A. Sports B. Clinical C. Cognitive D. None of the above
4. What is behaviour in the context of psychology?
A. Only visible actions B. Only internal thoughts
C. Responses or actions that can be overt or covert
D. Only short term actions.
5. Where was the primary laboratory of contemporary psychology established?
A. Moscow B. Leipzig C. New York D. Calcutta
6. What are the primary goals of scientific enquiry in psychology?
A. Description, prediction, control B. Explanation, application, prediction
C. Description, explanation, prediction D. All of the above
7. Which research method involves manipulating variables to establish cause and effect relationship?
A. Experimental B. Observational C. Survey D. Case study
8. What is a key ethical consideration in psychological research?
A. Maintaining confidentiality of the participant's data
B. Consent to be given by the participant
C. Both options correct
D. None of the above
9. What type of test evaluates an individual's ability based on the time taken to answer items?
A. Power B. Speed C. Standardized D. None of the above
10. Who proposed the theory of cognitive development?
A. Jeen piaget B. Lev Vygotsky C. Erik Erikson D. William Wundt
11. Which stage of development is characterized by rapid physical growth and development?
A. Infancy B. Childhood C. Adolescence D. Adulthood
12. What is the term for the process of learning through social interactions?
A. Social learning B. Emotional development
C. Cognitive development D. Moral development
13. What is the process by which sensory receptors detect stimuli?
A. Perception B. Sensation C. Attention D. Cognition

14. Which type of attention involves focusing on a specific stimulus while ignoring others?
 - A. Selective attention
 - B. Divided attention
 - C. Sustained attention
 - D. Alternating attention
15. What is the process by which the brain interprets sensory information?
 - A. Perception
 - B. Sensation
 - C. Attention
 - D. Memory
16. Which Gestalt principle states that objects that are closed together are perceived as group?
 - A. Proximity
 - B. Similarity
 - C. Continuity
 - D. Closure
17. Cognitive psychology, biological psychology, neuroscience, etc are considered as branches of psychology.
 - A. Correct statement
 - B. Incorrect statement
 - C. Somewhat correct statement
 - D. Absolutely incorrect statement
18. In the method of case study, the emphasis is given on.....
 - A. Indepth information
 - B. Only environmental information
 - C. Only biological information
 - D. None of the above

Section: B

Very Short Answer-Type Questions

(2X6=12)

1. What is case study? Write one advantage.
2. Name the different types of observational method. Give example of each type.
3. Name any two types of psychological testings. Define each.
4. What is growth? Give examples.
5. What is the significance of attachment bonds in childhood?
6. Define the term perception.

Section: C

Short Answer-Type Questions

(3X6=18)

(Attempt any six question)

1. Explain the role of counselling psychology give one example.
2. How do social cultural factors influence development?
3. Describe the reflexes of infants during infancy.
4. Why do illusions occur?
5. Explain attention and its properties.
6. Explain the steps of conducting psychological research.
7. Explain the goals of psychological enquiry.

Section: D

Long Answer-Type Questions

(4X4=16)

(Attempt any four questions)

1. Define interview. What are its two types? Write the four combinations of interview method.
2. Explain Jean Piaget's stages of cognitive development.
3. Define adolescence. What are the challenges faced by the adolescents?
4. What is ADHD? What are the characteristics of ADHD?
5. Define selective attention. Write the factors affecting selective attention.

Section: E

Case Based Questions

(2X3=6)

Read the case and answer the following questions.

Rahul is a 15 year old student who loves playing video games. One day while playing a new game, he notices that he can focus on the game for hours without getting distracted. However, when his mother calls him for dinner, he immediately stops playing and responds to her.

1. What type of attention is Rahul exhibiting while playing the video game?
2. How does Rahul's brain process the sensing formation from the game?
3. What role does perception play in Rahul's ability to focus on the game?