

Bhavan's Tripura Vidya Mandir
2nd Periodic Assessment : (2025-2026)

Class: 10

Time: 2 Hours

Name of the student:

Subject: SST

Total: 50 Marks

Roll: Sec.

General Instruction:

- These question paper is divided into 5 sections A, B, C, D and E.
- There are total **24 questions** in the question paper, all questions are compulsory.
- **Section A**, Question number **1 to 12** are **MCQ's** carrying **1 marks** each.
- **Section B**, Question number **13 and 16** are very short answer type question, carrying **2 marks** each. (40 words)
- **Section C**, Question number **17 to 20** are short answer type question carrying **3 marks** each. (60 words)
- **Section D**, Question number **21 and 22** are long answer type question carrying **5 marks** each. (120 words)
- **Section E**, Question no. **23 and 24** are case based questions with three sub-questions and are of **4 marks** each.
- There is no overall choice in the question paper however, an internal choice has been provided in few questions, only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

SECTION - A

1X12 = 12

1. Gandhiji organised Satyagraha in the year 1917 to:
 - a. To support the Plantation workers.
 - b. To protest against high revenue demand.
 - c. To support the mill workers to fulfill their demand.
 - d. To demand loans for farmers.
2. Choose the correctly matched pair about the crops and it's required conditions from the following options:
 - a. Rice – Rainfall above 100cm.
 - b. Wheat – Rainfall between 20cm to 75cm.
 - c. Maize – Rainfall below 21cm.
 - d. Sugarcane – Rainfall between above 50cm.
3. Choose the correct statement.

Assertion (A): Gandhiji used to say that religion can be separated from politics.

Reason (R): He believed that politics must be guided by ethics drawn from religion.

 - a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
 - b. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
 - c. (A) is true, (R) is false.
 - d. (A) is false, (R) is true.
4. Which of the following steps would guarantee the welfare of the employees in the organised sector?
 - a. Payment of equal remuneration to men and women at the work place.
 - b. Protection of the employment of women during the time of maternity.
 - c. Prohibition of child marriage.
 - d. Payment of a one - time bonus to all retired employees.

Options:

- a. Only a and d.
- b. Only a, c and d.
- c. Only a, b, and d.
- d. All a, b, c and d.

5. Zollverein started in 1834 in Prussia refers to:
 a. Trade Union. b. Customs Union. c. Labour Union. d. Farmers Union.
6. Identify the type of soil from the following information.
 -These soils are filled with sediments brought by the rivers.
 - These soils are ideal for growing Rice, Wheat etc.
 - These soil consist of silt, sand and clay.
 - These soils are found near by the river plains and delta regions.
 a. Alluvial soil. b. Black soil. c. Laterite soil. d. Forest soil.
7. When a party secures at least 6% of total votes in Lok Sabha elections or Assembly elections in maximum 4 states and wins at least 4 seats of Lok Sabha, it is recognised as a:
 a. Pressure Group. b. Business organisation.
 c. Regional party. d. National party.
8. A man is employed on a food processing farmers where he has to do a manual work. His family members also help him in his work on the farm every day, which type of employment it is?
 a. Disguised. b. Seasonal. c. Unemployed. d. Over Unemployed.
9. General Dyer open fired on peaceful crowd in Jallianwala Bagh to:
 a. Punish the Indians. b. To take revenge for breaking martial law.
 c. To create a feeling of terror in the mind of Indians. d. To dispersed the crowds.
10. Ram lives in the outskirts of Longrai valley, Tripura. He usually sees his parents clearing, slashing and burning a small patch of land for cultivation where all the family members actively take part by using simple tools such as Dao, hoe, sickles etc. Water is sourced from the bamboo drip canal from the distant stream. Identify the types of farming Ram's parents are engaged in.
 a. Intensive subsistence farming. b. Primitive subsistence farming.
 c. Commercial farming. d. Plantation.
11. Which one of the following countries is the example of 'Holding Together Foundation'?
 a. Australia b. India c. USA. d. Switzerland
12. Goods that reach the customers are known as:
 a. Raw materials. b. Final. c. Intermediate. d. Service.

SECTION - B

2X4=8

Very short type answer type question (40 words)

13. Simon Commission was greeted with "Go back Simon" at arrival in India. Support this reaction of Indians with any two arguments?
14. Who proclaimed dams as the "Temple of Modern India"? Why?
15. Mention different aspects in which women's are discriminated against in India?
16. Differentiate between Public and Private sectors? (2 points).

SECTION - C

Short answer type questions

3X4=12

17. How did MGNREGA, 2005 bring upliftment of the rural people? Explain.

(Or)

“Money cannot buy all the goods and services that one needs to live well”. Do you agree with the statement, Justify your answer with any three suitable arguments?

18. Women played an important role in “Civil Disobedience Movement.” Explain.

(Or)

Why did Gandhiji decided to withdraw the Non -Cooperation Movement?

19. Dams that has been constructed for the upliftment of the economy as well as for the agriculture, but has been facing serious drawbacks. Enlist the various advantages and disadvantages of Multipurpose River valley Project?

(Or)

Enlist the 3 various institutional reform programmes introduced by the government in the interest of the farmers?

20. State how caste inequalities are still continuing in India?

SECTION - D

Long answer type Questions

5X2=10

21. Workers are exploited in the unorganised sector. Do you agree with the view? Give reason in support of your answer?

(Or)

How can more employment opportunities be created in the rural areas?

22. What makes India a Federation? Mention any five features that makes India a federal country?

(Or)

State the various functions political parties perform in a democracy?

SECTION - E

Cased Based Questions

4X2=8

23. On 13th April the infamous Jallian Wala Bagh incident took place on that day a crowd of villagers who had come to Amritsar to attend a fair gathered in the enclosed ground of Jallianwala Bagh. Being from outside the city they were unaware of the martial law that had been imposed. Dyer entered the area, blocked the exit points and open fire on the crowd, killing hundreds. His object as he declared later was to ‘produce a moral effect’ to create in the minds of Satyagrahis a feeling of terror and awe.

23.1.What circumstances led to the infamous Jallian wala Bagh massacre? (1)

23.2.What were the consequences of the above incident? (2)

23.3. Who were Satyagrahis? (1)

24. Soil is the most important renewable natural resources. It is the medium of plant growth and support different types of living organisms on the earth. The soil is a living system it takes millions of years to form soil up to a few cm in depth. Relief, Parent rock or bed rock, climate vegetation and other forms of life and time are important factors in the formation of soil various forces of nature such as change in temperature, action of running water, wind and glaciers activities of decomposers etc contribute to the contribution of soil.

24. What factors help in the formation of soil? (1)

24.2 Name the two major soil types found in India? (2)

24.3 Mention one human activities influencing soil erosion? (1)