

Bhavan's Tripura Vidyamandir1st Terminal Examination: (2024-2025)**Class:- 12**

Time:- 3 Hours

Name of the student :

Subject:- History

Total :- 80 Marks

Roll: Stream:

General Instruction:-

- All the questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.
- The question paper is divided into 5 sections A, B, C, D and E
- In Section A question no 1 to 21 are multiple choice type question carrying 1 marks each.
- In Section B question number 22 to 27 are short answer type question carrying 3 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 60 to 80 words.
- In Section C question number 28 to 30 are long answer type questions carrying 8 marks each. Answer to the question should not exceed 300 to 350 words.
- In section D question number 31 to 33 are source based question carrying 4 Marks each.
- In section E question number 34 is map based question carrying 5 marks

Section A**1X21=21****Choose the correct option.**

- Which of these was the source of copper for harappans?
A) Karnataka B) Rajasthan C) Andhra Pradesh D) Gujarat
- Consider the following statement.
A) After independence, most of the Harappan civilization centres went over to Pakistan.
B) The Harappan script has been deciphered.
C) Ruler's had an important role in Harappan civilization.
D) Dead were buried in Harappa.
Which of the above is correct statement?
I. A, B, C II. A, C, D III. A, B, C, D IV. B, C, D
- Who deciphered Brahmi and kharosti script?
A) James Princep. . B) Alexander Cunningham.
C) R E M Wheeler. D) John Marshall.
- Assertion (A):** Women were expected to give up their father's gotra and take up their husband's gotra after marriage.
Reason (R): Women, who married Satavahana rulers, retained their father's Gotra instead of adopting names derived from their husband's gotra name.
A) A and R both are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
B) A and R both are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A.
C) A is correct but R is wrong.
D) R is correct but A is wrong.
- In which type of marriage does a woman have several husbands?
A) Endogamy. B) Exogamy. C) Polygamy D) Polyandry
- According to the Sanskrit text Mahabharata, Duryodhan plotted to kill.
A) Dhritarashtra. B) Kauravas. C) Draupadi D) Pandavas.
- Sanchi Stupa is situated
A) Near to Bhopal B) Near to Indore C) Near to Delhi D) Near to Agra.
- Who was the first woman to be ordained as Bhikkuni.
A) Maha Prajapati Gautami. B) Mahamaya
C) Yashodhara. D) Bimba

9. Who wrote the line "It seems to me suicidal and Indefensible policy to allow the country to be looted of original works of ancient art".
 A) H. H. Cole B) Walter Elliot C) Collin Mackenzie D) John Marshall.
10. Which of the following statements regarding Ibn Battuta are not true?
 A) He was a Moroccan, born in Tangier.
 B) He gained knowledge due to his study of the Sharia.
 C) Mohammed Bin Tughlaq appointed him as the qazi of Delhi.
 D) He travelled extensively in China.
11. Who among the following developed the concept of the Asiatic mode of production?
 A) Karl Marx B) Montesquieu C) Voltaire D) Rousseau.
12. Which of the following Traveller settled down in India and never return to his country?
 A) Duarte Barbosa. B) Manucci C) About Razzaq D) Jean Tavernier.
13. Which of the following is considered as the Tamil Veda?
 A) Yajur Veda B) Rig Veda
 C) Nalayira Divyaprabandham. D) Atharva Veda.
14. Who was known as "Gharib Nawaz"?
 A) Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti B) Sheikh Nizamuddin Auliya
 C) Shaikh Abdul Qadri. D) Shaikh Nasiruddin Chichag-i- Delhi.
15. Who of the following "Guru" consolidated the Sikh community into socio religious and military force?
 A) Guru Arjan Sahib. B) Guru Hargobind Sahib.
 C) Guru Govind Singh Sahib. D) Guru Tegh Bahadur Sahib
16. Which of the following books was written by Krishnadeva Raya?
 A) Arthashastra B) Amuktamalyada C) Kitab ul Hind. D) Humayun Nama
17. Firsts European to arrive and established trading and military stations on the West Coast of India.
 A) The English B) The Portuguese C) The Dutch D) The Franch.
18. **Assertion (A):** one of the most beautiful buildings in the royal centre is the Lotus Mahal, so named by British travellers in the 19th century
Reason (R): one suggestion found in a map drawn by Mackenzie, is that it may have been a Council chamber, a place where the king met his Advisors.
 A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 B) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
 C) A is true but R is wrong.
 D) R is true but A is wrong.
19. Ain -i-Akbari was written by Abul Fazal. **True/ False.**
20. Who was the first surveyor General of India?
 A) Collin Mackenzie B) Alexander Cunningham
 C) John Marshall D) Francis Buckhnan.
21. Who was the first Sultan to visit the shrine of Shaikh Muinuddin Chishti?
 A) Sultan Ghiyasuddin Khalzi. . B) Muhammad bin Tughlaq.
 C) Jahangir. D) Akbar

Section B

3 X 6= 18

22. How did the Harappan Civilization come to an end? Discuss.

OR.

List some of the problems faced by the epigraphists.

23. What are the rule prescribed by Manu Smriti for the ideal occupation of four Varnas?

OR

According to Dharma Shastra and Dharma sutras" Kings in early States were invariably Kshatriyas" Do you agree with it? Give reasons for your answer.

24. Briefly discuss how Buddhist text were prepared and preserved.

OR.

Analyse the evidence for slavery provided by Ibn -Battuta.

25. Briefly discuss the main beliefs and practices associated with the Alvars and Nayanars.

OR.

Explain the contribution of lingayats in the social and religious fields with special reference to caste system.

26. Krishnadeva Raya belongs to which Dynasty? Why was he considered the best ruler of Vijayanagar?

27. To what extent is it possible to characterize agriculture production in the 16th and 17th centuries as subsistence agriculture? Give reasons for your answer.

OR.

Discuss the role of irrigation and Technology in agricultural production.

Section C

8 X 3= 24

28. How to archaeologist reconstruct the past?

OR.

This is a statement made by one of the best known epigraphist of the 20th century D. C Sircar:" There is no aspect of life, culture and activities of the Indians that is not reflected in Inscriptions "Discuss.

29. Examine Berniers perceptions about ownership of Landed property in Mughal India.

OR.

Analyse with illustrations why Bhakti and Sufi thinkers adopted a variety of languages in which they could express their opinions.

30. Discuss whether the term Royal Centre is an appropriate description for the part of the city for which it is used.

OR

Discuss the ways in which Panchayats and village headman regulated rural society.

Section D

4 X 3= 12

Source Based Question

Read the following passages and answer the question that follow:

31. The anguish of the king.

The king Devanampiya Priyadasshi had been ruling for 8 years, the (country of the) kalingas (present day coastal Orissa) was conquered by him.

150000 men were deported, a 100000 were killed, and many more died.

After that now that (the country of) Kalinga has been taken, Devanampiya (is devoted) to an intense study of Dhamma, to the love of Dhamma, and to instructing (the people) in Dhamma. This is the repentance of devanampiya on account of his conquest of the (country of the) kalingas.

For this is considered very painful and deplorable by Devanampiya that, while one is conquering an unconquered (country) slaughter, death and deportation of people (take place) there —.

- A) Name the king address as Devanampiya Priyadasshi. 1
- B) For what Act was the king repentant? 1
- C) What changes then occurred in the king's life. 2

32. Colin Mackenzie.

Born in 1754 **coling** Mackenzie became famous as an engineer, surveyor and cartographer. In 1815 was appointed the first surveyor General of India, a post he hold till his death in 1821 .Collecting local histories and surveying historic sites in order to better understand India's past and make Governance of the colony easier. He says that "it's struggled long under the Miseries of bad management....before the South came under **bening** influence of the British government." By studying Vijayanagar Mackenzie believe that the East India Company could gain "Much Useful information on many of these institutions, laws and Customs whose influence still prevails among the various Tribes of natives forming the general mass of the population to this day".

- A) Who was **coling** Mackenzie? 1
- B) The ruins of which city he discovered? 1
- C) Why did he study local histories? 2

33. Classification of lands under Akbar.

The following is a listing of criteria of classification excerpted from the Ain:

The emperor Akbar in his profound sagacity classified the lands and fixed a different revenue to be paid by each. Ploaj is land which is annually cultivated for each crop in succession and is never allowed to lie fallow. Parauti is land left out of cultivation for a time that it may recover its strength. Chachar is land that has laid fallow for three to four years. Banjar is land uncultivated for five years and more. Of the first two kinds of land, there are three classes, good, middling and bad.

They add together the produce of each sort, and the third of this represents the medium produce, one third part of which is exacted as the Royal dues.

- A) Describe the different types of land classified under Akbar's reign. 2
- B) What principles did the Mughal state follow while classifying lands in its territories? 1
- C) How was revenue assessed? 1

Section E

1 X 5= 5

34. On the given political map of India locate and level the following with appropriate symbols.

- A) Lothal a mature Harappan site.
- B) The place associated with the great stupa.
- C) The place associated with Mahachattya
- D) Vijayanagar
- E) Golconda.